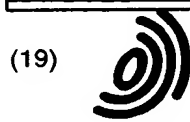


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(71) Applicant: Thomson Consumer Electronics, Inc.
Indianapolis, IN 46206-1976 (US)

(72) Inventors:
• Reynolds, Keith, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)
• Reavis, Jeffrey Philip, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)

• Miller, Robert Howard, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)
• Crosby, Sheila Renee, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)
• Morrison, Hugh Boyd, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)
• Brown, Megan Louise, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)

(74) Representative: Brykman, Georges
THOMSON multimedia,
46 quai A. Le Gallo
92648 Boulogne Cedex (FR)

(54) A scheduler apparatus for use in a television receiver

(57) In a television system in which at least program title information for programs which are to be transmitted in the future is transmitted in advance to form a channel guide listing, apparatus is provided for searching for specific television programs which satisfy certain criteria concerning a user's viewing preferences, and upon successful conclusion to the search, the apparatus gener-

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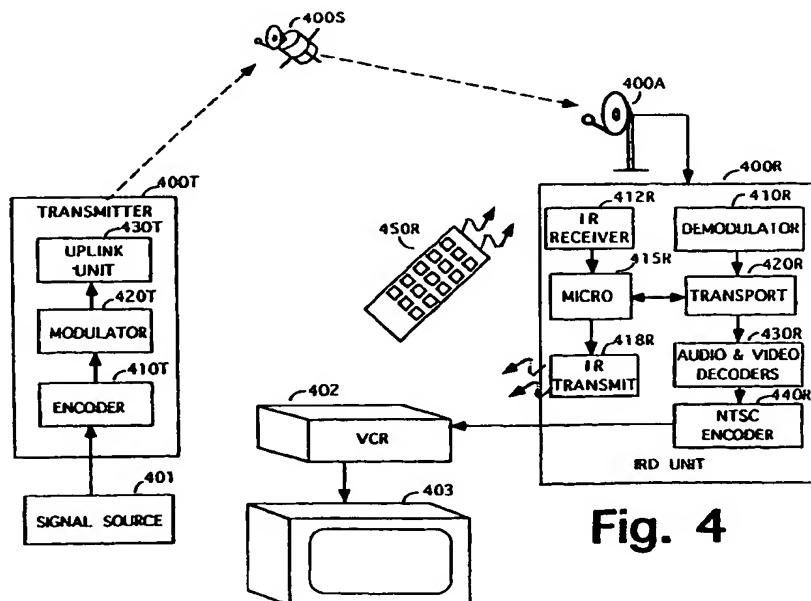


Fig. 4

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D description

The subject invention concerns apparatus for scheduling the selection of a television program for watching or recording at some future date.

The act of selecting a television program to watch has become more complicated in that the number of available channels has increased dramatically of late. For example RCA® DSS® direct broadcast satellite receivers provide as many as 150 channels to choose from. Heretofore, a user who wanted to see "what's on" could merely consult a television schedule printed in his local newspaper in the hope that he would eventually find a program which sparked his interest.

Such a practice may work well when there are only a few television channel schedules to examine, however, it is unlikely that a viewer would be able to examine the complete schedules for 150 television channels, just to see "what's on" at a given time. Such a task would be daunting even if all of the programs were to be listed by category. A viewer may find that there are only a few programs of interest to him out of the vast number of available programs. That is, the chaff outnumbers and tends to hide the wheat. Consequently, it is felt that as the number of channels increases, the chances of successfully locating a desirable program in a short time becomes more and more unlikely.

In a television system in which at least program title information for programs which are to be transmitted in the future is transmitted in advance to form a channel guide listing, apparatus is provided for searching for specific television programs which satisfy certain criteria concerning a user's viewing preferences, and upon successful conclusion to the search, the apparatus generates a list of such television programs in order to predict for the viewer certain programs which may be of interest. In a first embodiment of the invention the apparatus stores information about the particular television shows which the user watches, as search criteria. In a second embodiment of the invention the search criteria is editable by the viewer to further refine the searches.

FIGURE 1 is an illustration of a screen display, in accordance with an aspect of the invention.

FIGURE 2 is an illustration of a screen display showing a viewed item list in accordance with another aspect of the invention.

FIGURE 3 is a flowchart useful in understanding the invention.

FIGURE 4 is an illustration in block diagram form of apparatus suitable for use with the invention.

FIGURE 5 is a flowchart useful in understanding the invention.

FIGURES 6a-6c are illustrations of screen displays produced in accordance with the invention.

Television systems such as the RCA® DSS® direct broadcast satellite system and Starsight® transmit channel guides for display on the television receivers of subscribers.

FIGURE 1 shows a Program Guide screen display 110 produced, for example, by an RCA® DSS® direct broadcast satellite receiver system, manufactured by Thomson Consumer Electronics, Inc. Indianapolis, IN. A user selects a television program from a Program Guide for viewing, by moving a cursor (via operation of remote control up, down, right, and left, direction control keys, not shown) to a block of the program guide screen display which contains the name of the desired program. When a SELECT key of the remote control is pressed, the current x and y position of the cursor is evaluated to derive virtual channel and program time information. In this example of FIGURE 1, a particular television show, CINE SATURDAY NIGHT MOVIE: ZULU has been highlighted for selection by use of the cursor keys on a remote control unit (e. g., 450R of FIGURE 4). The highlighting is illustrated by the dark box outlining the title in FIGURE 1. Normally, upon pressing the select key, the relevant programming data is transferred to a programming unit. Note also that an auxiliary text display 120 is shown. Auxiliary text display 120 provides additional data relating to the highlighted television program. A further use for the data provided by channel guide screen 110 and auxiliary text display 120 will be described below.

FIGURE 2 shows a "predictive agent list" or "viewed item list" which may be generated as a screen display 210. Data is automatically stored in this predictive agent list by the apparatus of the invention, whenever a program is watched for a given period of time, for example, 5 or more minutes. In this way, a record is kept of the user's viewing habits so that the apparatus can be guided to make a prediction of which upcoming shows may be of interest to the viewer.

A predictive agent list 210 is illustrated in FIGURE 2. In the example of FIGURE 2, the viewer has watched 7 movies, (the television program type "movies" is a broad classification known as a "topic"). The last movie was watched on 15 November 1995. Of these 7 movies there were three movies having the theme "comedy", and four movies having the theme "drama". The last comedy was watched on 15 November 1995, and the last drama was watched on 27 September 1995. The viewer also watched 21 episodes of a television program entitled "The Simpsons". Note that an indication of whether each item is locked or unlocked is also stored in the predictive agent list. A viewer may lock an item to prevent the system from automatically deleting that item, if that particular item has not been watched recently. Moreover, the user may edit the viewed item list in order to provide a better filter for the television programs to be predicted (see FIGURE 6c).

Automatic loading of the viewed item list is shown in the flowchart of FIGURE 3, where in the routine is initiated at step 300. At step 305, a check is made to see if the tuner has been tuned to the current channel for at least five minutes. If not, the routine is exited at step 310. If so, the routine advances to step 320 to get the

viewed item list from memory. At step 325, a check is made to see if an item matching the currently viewed television program already exists in the viewed item list. If so, the count of that item is incremented and the routine is exited at step 335. If an item matching the currently viewed television program does not already exist in the viewed item list, then the routine advances to step 340. At step 340 a check is made to see if the list is full. If not, then data indicative of the currently viewed television program is added to the viewed item list, and the routine is exited at step 335. If, at step 340, it was determined that the viewed item list was full, then at step 350 the routine will read the least recently viewed item of the list. At step 355, a check will be made to see if that item is locked. If so, it means that the viewer does not want that item to be deleted, and the routine loops back to step 360 to get the next least recently viewed item from the list. That item will in turn be checked at step 355 to see if it is locked. If not, the routine will advance to step 365 where that item will be deleted to provide free space in the list. The routine will then advance to step 345, add the new item to the list, and exit at step 335.

A viewer may request a search to see "what's on" at any given time (see FIGURE 6a). The result of that search will be a list of predictions of television programs which the user might find interesting. Such a list of predictions will be displayed to the user by means of an on-screen display (see FIGURE 6b). The displayed list may be presented in a "weighted" fashion, for example in descending order of the number of times that a particular type of show was watched. Generation of this list of predictions is shown in the flowchart of FIGURE 5.

As noted above, the channel guide data used by the controller of the subject apparatus to form the above-described interactive or confirmation sentences may be received from a satellite television communication system. FIGURE 4 shows such a satellite television communication system in which, a satellite 400S receives a signal representing audio, video, or data information from an earth-based transmitter 400T. The satellite amplifies and rebroadcasts this signal to a plurality of receivers 400R, located at the residences of consumers, via transponders operating at specified frequencies and having given bandwidths. Such a system includes an uplink transmitting portion (earth to satellite), an earth-orbiting satellite receiving and transmitting unit, and a downlink portion (satellite to earth) including a receiver located at the user's residence.

In a such a satellite system, the information necessary to select a given television program is not fixedly programmed into each receiver but is rather is downloaded from the satellite continually on each transponder. The television program selection information comprises a set of data known as a Master Program Guide (MPG), which relates television program titles, their start and end times, a virtual channel number to be displayed to the user, and information allocating virtual channels

to transponder frequencies and to a position in the time-multiplexed data stream transmitted by a particular transponder. In such a system, it is not possible to tune any channel until the first master program guide is received from the satellite, because the receiver (IRD, or Integrated Receiver Decoder) literally does not know where any channel is located, in terms of frequency and position (i.e. data time slot) within the data stream of any transponder.

A master program guide is preferably transmitted on all transponders with the television program video and audio data, and is repeated periodically, for example, every 2 seconds. The master program guide, once received, is maintained in a memory unit in the receiver, and updated periodically, for example every 30 minutes. Retention of the master program guide allows instantaneous television program selection because the necessary selection data are always available. If the master program guide were to be discarded after using it to select a television program, then a delay of at least two seconds would be incurred while a new program guide was acquired, before any further television program selections could be performed.

Once the channel transponder carrying a desired television program is tuned, the data packets containing the audio and video information for that program can be selected from the data stream received from the transponder by examining the data packets for the proper SCID (Service Component Identifier) 12 bit code. If the SCID of the currently received data packet matches the SCID of the desired television program as listed in the program guide, then the data packet is routed to the proper data processing sections of the receiver. If the SCID of a particular packet does not match the SCID of the desired television program as listed in the program guide, then that data packet is discarded.

A brief description of system hardware, suitable for implementing the above-described invention, now follows. In FIGURE 4, a transmitter 400T processes a data signal from a source 401 (e.g., a television signal source) and transmits it to a satellite 400S which receives and rebroadcasts the signal to a receiving antenna 400A which applies the signal to a receiver 400R. Transmitter 400T includes an encoder 410T, a modulator (i.e., modulator/forward error corrector (FEC)) 420T, and an uplink unit 430T. Encoder 410T compresses and encodes signals from source 401 according to a predetermined standard such as MPEG. MPEG is an international standard developed by the Moving Picture Expert Group of the International Standards Organization for coded representation of moving pictures and associated audio stored on digital storage medium. An encoded signal from unit 410T is supplied to modulator/Forward Error Corrector (FEC) 420T, which encodes the signal with error correction data, and Quaternary Phase Shift Key (QPSK) modulates the encoded signal onto a carrier.

Uplink unit 430T transmits the compressed and encoded signal to satellite 400S, which broadcasts the signal

nal to a selected geographic reception area. The signal from satellite 400S is received by an antenna dish 400A coupled to an input of a so-called set-top receiver 400R (i.e., an interface device situated atop a television receiver). Receiver 400R includes a demodulator (demodulator/Forward Error Correction (FEC) decoder) 410R to demodulate the signal and to decode the error correction data, an IR receiver 412 for receiving IR remote control commands, a microprocessor 415R, which operates interactively with demodulator/FEC unit 410R, and a transport unit 420R to transport the signal to an appropriate decoder 430R within unit 400R depending on the content of the signal, i.e., audio or video information. An NTSC Encoder 440R encodes the decoded signal to a format suitable for use by signal processing circuits in a standard NTSC consumer VCR 402 and standard NTSC consumer television receiver 403. Microprocessor (or microcontroller, or microcomputer) 415R receives infrared (IR) control signals from remote control unit 450R, and sends control information to VCR 402 via an IR link 418R. Microprocessor 415R also generates the on-screen display (OSD) signals needed for presenting the interactive sentence, or confirmation sentence, to the user. Microprocessor 415R also receives and interprets cursor key X and Y information in order to control the highlighting of user choices in the on-screen displays.

The routine for automatic generation of the predictive list is set forth in FIGURE 5. The routine is entered at step 500, and at step 520, a search of the newly received program guide is performed for a match with search terms in the viewed item list of FIGURE 2. Note that the additional program descriptive data 120 of FIGURE 1 is also to be search for a correspondence with the search terms of FIGURE 2. The search routine loops at step 525 until completed. At step 530, the list is weighted for display. The list of items predicted to be of interest to the viewer is then displayed at step 535, and the program exited at step 540.

FIGURES 6a-6c show screen displays which enable the user to exercise the features of the invention. Specifically, FIGURE 6a is a Predictive Agent Main Menu screen accessed for example via the normal hierarchical menu system of the DSS® satellite television system. The screen display of FIGURE 6a. has two "softkeys" labelled "Request a Suggestion" and "Edit User Information", respectively. Selecting "Request a Suggestion" causes a prediction operation to be performed, and brings up the screen display of FIGURE 6b. FIGURE 6b shows the predictions to the user, for example the movie Annie Hall on the Fox channel leads a list of shows predicted to be of interest to this particular viewer. The viewer may highlight one of the items on the list and then either tune to that show or record it. The other choice in the screen display of FIGURE 6a is "Edit User Information". Suppose the viewer had watched a show called (for purposes of this explanation) "Undesired Show". Further suppose that the viewer did not en-

joy the show and does not want that show to influence future predictions. By selecting the "Edit User Information" softkey, the screen of FIGURE 6c is brought up for display. The viewer may then highlight the entry for "Undesired Show" and delete it by pressing the "Delete Item" softkey. As noted above, the viewer may also lock a desired entry, to keep it from being automatically deleted when space is needed, if that item has a low count, or hasn't been watched recently.

Although the invention was described with reference to a satellite television system, it is equally applicable to ground based television broadcast systems, both digital and analog.

Claims

1. In a television system in which at least program title information for programs which are to be transmitted in the future is transmitted in advance to form a channel guide list, apparatus comprising:

memory means for storing data representing said channel guide list and for storing data representing a list of characteristics of television programs previously watched by a user; data entry means for entering user-entered data;

control means for performing a search of said channel guide listing for a match to said data representing said characteristics of television programs previously watched by said user; and on-screen display means for displaying text or graphics under control of said control means; upon successful conclusion of said search, said control means controls said on-screen display means to notify said user of an availability of a television program selected for sharing similar characteristics with entries of said list of characteristics of television programs previously watched by said user.

2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said characteristics of said list of characteristics of television programs previously watched by a user includes topic, title, date, or theme information.
3. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein said control means times a period beginning immediately after a user selects a television program, and if said period exceeds a predetermined amount of time, said control means modifies said list of characteristics of television programs previously watched by a user to reflect said television program selection.
4. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein, when television program-descriptive text accompanies said channel guide list, said control means performs a search

of said television program-descriptive text for a particular text string relating to title, star, director, theme, content advisory information, or content of said television program.

which may relate to title, star, director, or context of said television program.

- 5
 5. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein, in response to user-entered data said control means controls said on-screen display means to display said list of characteristics, and said control means modifying said list of characteristics in response to user-entered data. 10
6. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein, said control means notifies said user of said availability of said television program by producing a display of television programs comprising a list of television programs having similar characteristics to characteristics of a previously watched television program. 15
7. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein, said on-screen display produced after successful completion of a search includes instructions to record said television program and instructions to notify the user of an availability of said television program, said instructions being selectable for execution by a user. 20 25
8. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein, in response to user-entered data said control means controls said on-screen display means to display said list of characteristics, said list of characteristics including an indication of the number of times each program type was viewed. 30
9. A television program searching method in a television system in which at least program title information for programs which are to be transmitted in the future is transmitted in advance to form a channel guide list, comprising the steps of: 35
 - storing in a memory means data representing said channel guide list and storing data representing characteristics of television programs previously watched by said user; 40
 - performing a search of said channel guide listing for a match to specific data representing said characteristics of television programs previously watched by said user; and 45
 - upon successful conclusion of said search, notifying said user of an availability of said television program having similar characteristics to characteristics of a previously watched television program. 50
10. The method of claim 8 wherein, when television program-descriptive text accompanies said channel guide list, includes the further step of: 55
 - performing a search of said television program-descriptive text for a particular text string

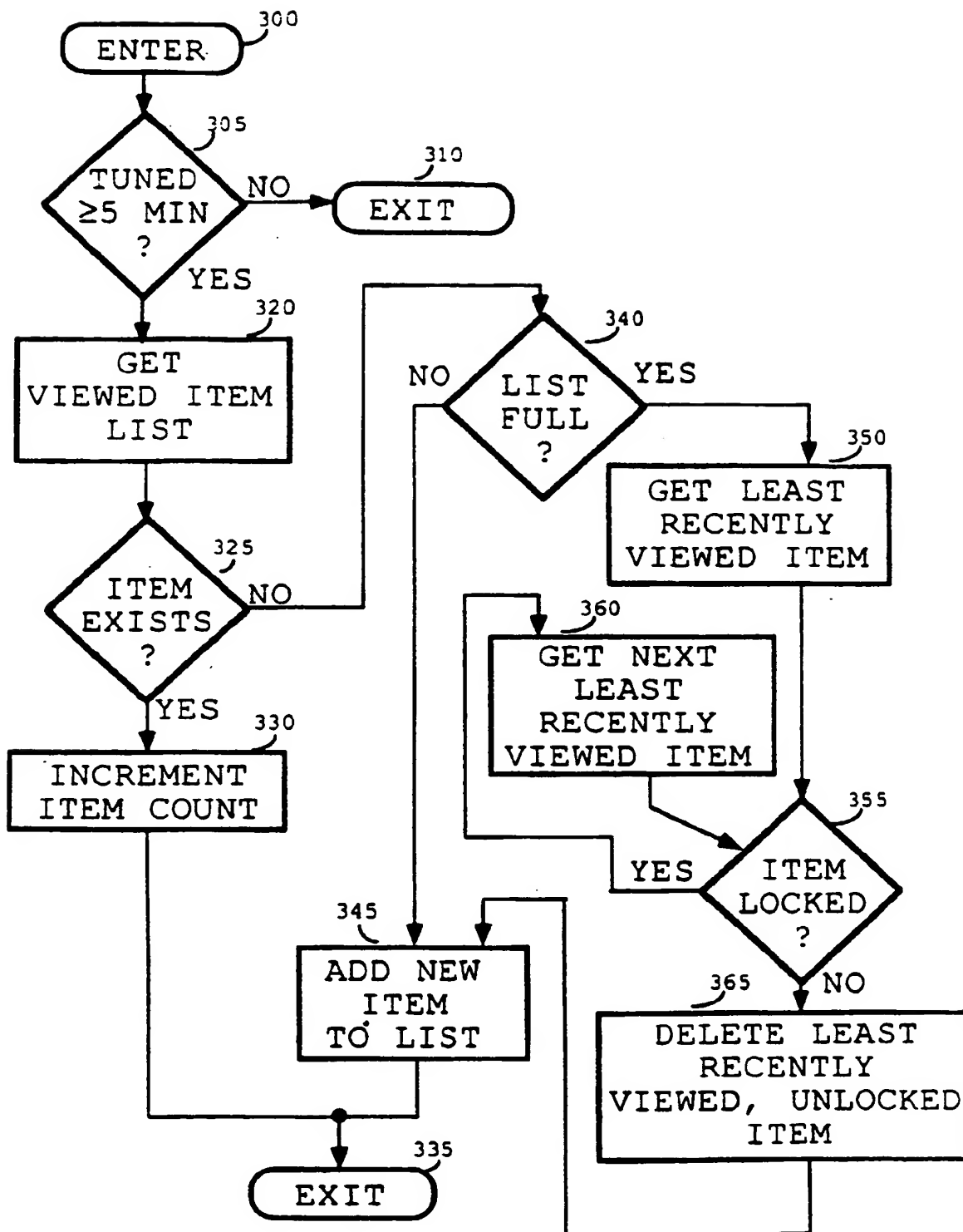
CH150		Program Guide		7:05pm		
		7:00pm				
HBO 102	OTHER PEOPLE'S MONEY		<div><div>MOVIE TITLE: STARRING: PRODUCER: RATING: THEME: REVIEW:</div><div>ZULU STANLEY BAKER & MICHAEL CAINE STANLEY BAKER PG-13 (VIOLENCE) ACTION/ADVENTURE ☆☆☆$\frac{1}{2}$</div><div>PLOT: A VASTLY OUTNUMBERED COMPANY OF BRITISH SOLDIERS IN LATE 19TH CENTURY SOUTH AFRICA DEFENDS AN ISOLATED OUTPOST AGAINST AN ATTACK BY 40,000 ZULU WARRIORS.</div></div>			
CBS 106	EVENING NEWS	FRATERNITY TUESDAY				
UPN 113	STAR TREK: VOYAGER					
CINE 210	CINE SATURDAY NIGHT MOVIE:					ZULU
CNN 305	PRIME NEWS	BOTH SIDES				RELIABLE SOURCES
USA 422	COUNTER STRIKE		QUANTUM LEAP			
MORE	MOVIES	SPORTS	OTHER	ALL	EXIT	

Fig. 1

210

NAME	COUNT	TYPE	DATE	LOCK
movie	7	topic	11.15.95	no
comedy	3	theme	11.15.95	no
drama	4	theme	09.27.95	no
The Simpsons	21	title	10.23.95	yes

Fig. 2

**Fig. 3**

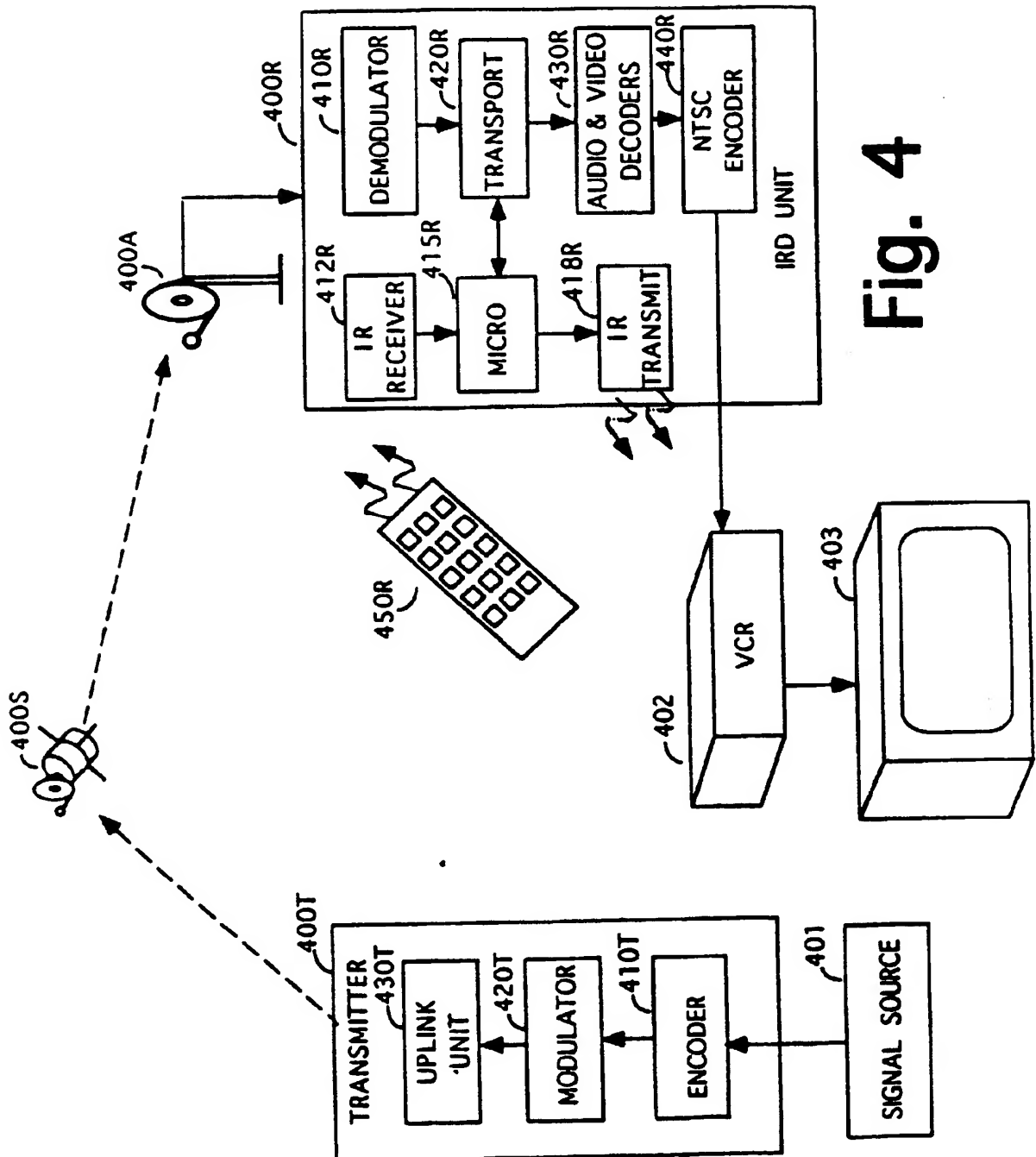
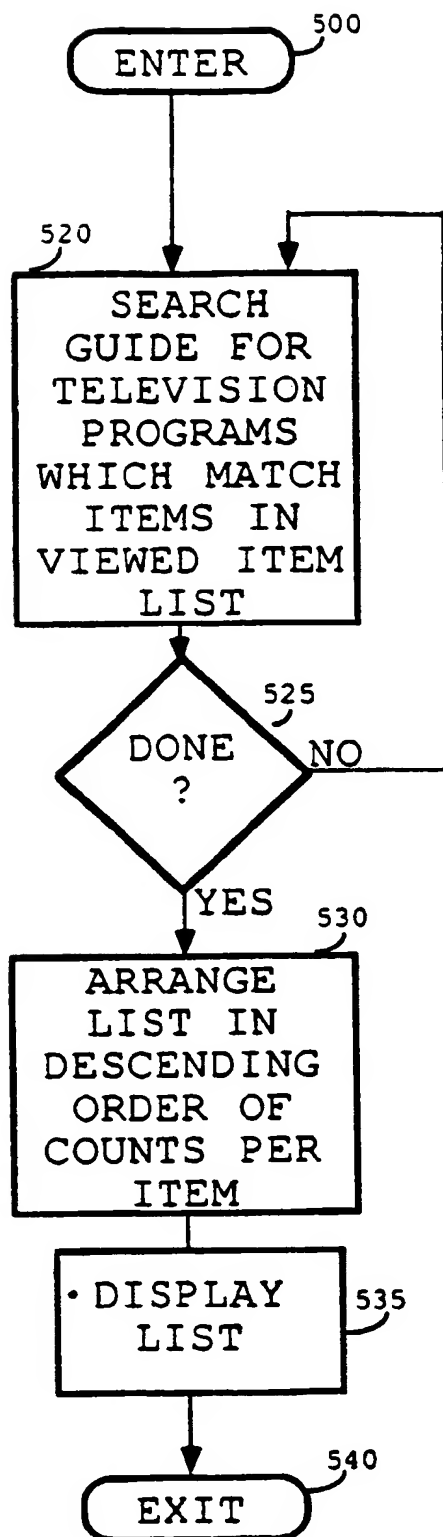


Fig. 4

**Fig. 5**

Exit	Help
Request a Suggestion	
Edit User Information	

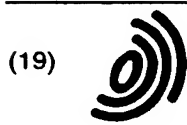
Fig. 6a

Exit	Help	Suggestions	
Tune to Program		Annie Hall	- Bravo
Record Program		The Simpsons	- Fox
		X-Files	- Fox
		Top Hat	- AMC

Fig. 6b

Exit	Help	User Information	
Delete Item		The Simpsons	- 21 cnts
Lock Item		Movie/Comedy	- 12 cnts
		X-Files - LOCKED	- 2 cnts
		Movie/Drama	- 10 cnts
		Undesired Show	- 1 cnt

Fig. 6c



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(71) Applicant: Thomson Consumer Electronics, Inc.
Indianapolis, IN 46206-1976 (US)

(72) Inventors:
• Reynolds, Keith, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)
• Reavis, Jeffrey Philip, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)

• Miller, Robert Howard, Thomson Multimedia
92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)
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92050 Paris la Defense Cedex 66 (FR)

(74) Representative: Brykman, Georges
THOMSON multimedia,
46 quai A. Le Gallo
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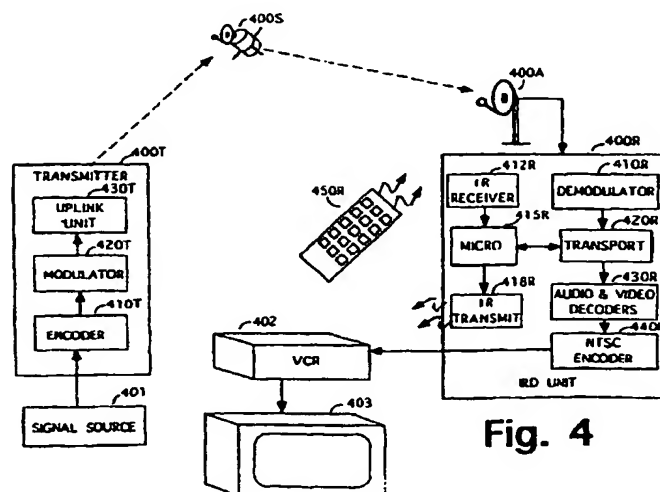


Fig. 4

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European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 96 40 2396

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.6)
Y	WO 95 01057 A (APPLE COMPUTER INC.) * page 7, line 9 - line 15 * * page 54, line 6 - page 56, line 6 * ---	1-10	H04N5/44 H04N5/445
Y	EP 0 682 452 A (MICROSOFT CORPORATION) * column 15, line 33 - column 16, line 31 *	1-10	
A	US 5 353 121 A (YOUNG P. ET AL) * the whole document *	1-10	
A	EP 0 662 769 A (AT & T CORP) * column 2, line 5 - line 14 *	1-10	
A	EP 0 572 090 A (PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N.V.) * the whole document * -----	1,9	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6)
			H04N
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 15 July 1997	Examiner Verschelden, J
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

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